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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, GHS & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Re

YO7175000

QA4680000

NO4565500

ED7350000

QT9900000

Flam. Sol. 1; Self-heat.2; H228, H252

231-143-9

231-107-2

231-096-4

231-151-2

231-113-5

0-2

2-3

32-43

0-3

0-1

5

10

(10.0) NA (10.0)

(5.0) NA NF

(10.0) NA NF

5 10 NF

NF

NF

NF

(5.0) NA NF NF NF (5.0) NA

5

NF (10.0) NA

NF (15.0) NA

10

NF (15.0) NA (5000)

NA

NA

NA

NA 0.5 - NIOSH

7440-33-7

7439-98-7

7439-89-6

7440-42-8

7440-03-1

TUNGSTEN

IRON

BORON \*

NIOBIUM

MOLYBDENUM

SDS Revision: 2.0

SDS Revision Date: 1/20/2017

Prep	ared to OSHA, ACC, A	NSI, NOHSC, WHI	MIS, GHS & 12	72/2008/EC St	andards		SDS	Revisi	on: 2.0	)	SDS	Revisi	on Date	e: 1/20/2017
		4 1	22212						TIA					
		1.	PRODUC	I & COMI	PANY	IDE	NIII	-ICA	ПО	N				
1.1	Product Name:	EXECUTI	<b>VE COBA</b>	LT META	L CO	RE V	VIR	ES						
1.2	Chemical Name:	Cobalt Base A	lloy											
1.3	Synonyms:	NA	- ,											
1.4	Trade Names:	Cobalt 1, Coba	alt 6, Cobalt 12	Cobalt 21										
1.5	Product Use:	Welding Wire												
1.6	Distributor's Name:	Exocor	·											
1.7	Distributor's Address:	271 Ridley Roa	271 Ridley Road St. Catharines ON CAN L2S 0B3											
1.8	Emergency Phone:	888.317.22	888.317.2209											
1.9	Business Phone / Fax:	Tel: 888.317.2	209 / 855.317.	2209										
			0 114	74000 1	DENT	IFIC	A TI	211						
2.1	Hazard Identification:	1		ZARDS II					_					
2.1	nazaru identinication.	classification of	riteria of NOHS	SC: 1088 (1999	) and AD	G Cod	le (Au	stralia).						ocording to the
		REPEATED E	XPOSURE. C. Carc. 1A; STO	AUSES SERIC	US EYE	<b>IRRIT</b>	MOITA							
2.2	Label Elements:	Hazard Staten  – May cause r	nents (H): H35 espiratory irrita	0 – May cause	e cancer.	H319	– Са							
			Statements (F											
			ll safety preca 64 – Wash ha											
			. P270 – Do n											
			n a well-ventila											
			protection. P											
			comfortable for eral minutes. R											
			IF exposed of											
		advice/attentio	n if you feel											
		advice/attentio		Store locked			spose	of co	ntents	and o	contain	er to	а	
2.3	Other Warnings:		nent, storage o							-1-1 7	1	L.P		
2.5	Other Warnings.													uses electrical rts the electrical
														use the welding
														king may create
														al spray process
														rials. UV, IR and
														iipment. Fumes ring welding can
		damage heari	ng. See also	American Na	tional Sta	andard	Z-49.	.1. "Sa	fetv ir	n Welc	lina. C	uttina	and Al	llied Processes"
			ne American W											
		NOTE: This p	roduct contains	s a substance	(s) knowi	n to th	e Stat	e of C	aliforn	ia to d	ause (	cancer	, birth	defects or other
		reproductive h	arm.											
		3 CO	MPOSITI	ON & ING	RFDI	FNT	INF	ORI	<u>1ΔΤ</u>	ION				
		3. 00						UIN			IMITS IN	AIR (me	g/m³)	
						AC	GIH		NOHSC			OSHA		
						pp	om		ppm			ppm		
СНЕМІ	CAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	ES- TWA	ES- STEL	ES- PEAK	PEL	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
		7440-48-4	GF8750000	231-158-0	0-3	(0.02)	NA	(0.05)	NA	NA	(0.01)	NA	NA	DUST
COBA	LI		Resp. Sens. 1, Ac	uatic Chronic 4;		34, H41								
CHRO	MIUM #	7440-47-3	GB4200000	231-157-5	19-21	(0.5)	NA	(0.5)	NF	NF	(1.0)	NA	25	
		7440-02-0	QR5950000	231-111-4	32-36	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(5.0)	NA	NA	
NICKE	L		RE 1; Skin Sens								(0.0)	. 4/ 1	. 4/ (	
		7440.00.7	VO7475000	004 440 0	0.0	,	,	, <u>.</u>	40	NIE		40	NIA	1

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	3. COMP	OSITION	& INGRE	DIENT	INF	ORN	//ATI	ON	– co	nt'd			
					EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/m³)								
					AC	GIH		NOHSC	;		OSHA	١	
					pp	m		ppm			ppm		
CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	ES- TWA	ES- STEL	ES- PEAK	PEL	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
MANGANESE	7439-96-5	OO9275000	231-105-1	1-2.5	(0.2)	(3)	(10.0)	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	
IVIANGANESE													
SILICON	7440-21-3	VW0400000	231-130-8	0.1-1	(10.0)	NA	(10.0)	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	
SILICOIN						,							
CARBON	7440-44-0	FF5250100	231-153-3	0-1	(3.5)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(3.5)	NA	(1750)	
													1
COPPER	7440-50-8	GL5325000	231-159-6	0-1	(1.0)**	NA	(1.0)	NF	NF	(1.0)	NA	NA	(0.2) FUME
			1		1			ı				ı	1
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	XR2275000	236-675-5	0-13	(10)	NA	(10)	NF	NF	(15)	NA	NA	TOTAL DUST
	Carc. 2; H351												1
CALCIUM FLUORIDE	7789-75-5	EW1760000	232-188-7	0-5	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
O/LEGIOWIT EGGINEE	Skin Irrit. 2; E	ye Irrit. 2; STOT	SE 3; H315, H3	19									
IRON OXIDE	1332-37-2	NO7380000	215-570-8	0-2	15	NA	NF	NF	NF	10	NA	NA F	TUME
INON OXIDE													
SILICON DIOXIDE	7631-86-9	VV7310000	231-545-4	0-2	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	20	NA	3000	
SILICON DIOXIDE	Eye Irrit. 2A; S	TOT SE 3; H319	9, H335										
POTASSIUM TITANATE	12030-97-6	NA	234-748-6	0-2	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
FOTAGOIUW ITTANATE													
MAGNESIUM OXIDE	1309-48-4	OM3850000	215-171-9	0-2	(10)	NA	(10)	NF	NF	(15)	NA	750	
INIAGINESIUM OXIDE													

The exposure limit for welding fume has been established at 5 mg/m3 with OSHA's PEL and ACGIH's TLV. The individual complex compounds within the fume may have lower exposure limits than the general welding fume PEL/TLV. An Industrial Hygienist, the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits For Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), and the ACGIH Threshold Limit Values should be consulted to determine the specific fume constituents present and their respective exposure limits.

			4. FIRST AID MEASURES
4.1	First Aid:	Eyes:	Flush eyes thoroughly with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelid(s) open to ensure complete flushing. If irritation persists, seek immediate medical attention.
		Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. If irritation persists, seek prompt medical attention. Do not wear contaminated clothing until after it has been properly cleaned.
		Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air at once. If breathing is difficult, administer supplemental oxygen and seek immediate medical attention. If breathing stops, perform artificial respiration.
		Ingestion:	Ingestion is unlikely; however, particulates from grinding or cutting may be ingested. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Contact the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency telephone number for
			assistance and instructions. Seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously,keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration.
4.2	Effects of Exposure:	Ingestion:	Gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and/or vomiting.
		Eyes:	Mild to moderate irritant.
		Skin:	Redness, irritation, rash at site of exposure. Chromium dust on skin can form ulcers.
		Inhalation:	Inhalation of chromium and chromates, in fumes, can cause a metallic taste, tightness in the chest, nausea, fever, fatigue and allergic reaction. Fumes may cause irritation to nasal membranes, bronchial tubes and lungs.
4.3	Symptoms of Overexposure:	Ingestion:	Intestinal discomfort, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.
		Eyes:	Mild irritation, redness, and watering.
		Skin:	Contact dermatitis, characterized by localized red or puffy dry skin and itching.
		Inhalation:	Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, metal fume fever, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain.
4.4	Acute Health Effects:	Ingestion:	Gastrointestinal irritation and central nervous system depression.
		Eyes:	Mild to moderate irritant.
		Skin:	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localized redness or rash).
		Inhalation:	Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, metal fume fever, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain. Overexposure to metals oxide may cause metal fume fever characterized by metallic taste, tightness of chest and fever. Symptoms may last 24-48 hours following overexposure. □

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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, GHS & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision Date: 1/20/2017 SDS Revision: 2.0 4. FIRST AID MEASURES - cont'd 4.5 Chronic Health Effects: Ingestion or inhalation of fluorides may cause serious bone erosion (osteoporosis) and mottling of teeth. Ingestion: Eyes: None reported by the manufacturer. Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localized redness or rash). Inhalation: Long term exposure to welding and allied processes gases, dusts and fumes may contribute to pulmonary irritation or pneumoconiosis or "siderosis." Inhalation of fume with chromium (VI) compounds can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, lung damage and asthma-like symptoms. Long-term overexposure to manganese compounds may affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may be similar to Parkinson's Disease and can include slowness, changes in handwriting, gait impairment, muscle spasms and cramps and less commonly, tremor and behavioral changes. Employees who are overexposed to manganese compounds should be seen by a physician for early detection of neurologic problems. 4.6 Target Organs: Eyes, Skin & Respiratory System Medical Conditions 4.7 Individuals with allergies or impaired respiratory function may have **HEALTH** 1 Aggravated by Exposure: symptoms worsened by exposure to welding fumes; however, such **FLAMMABILITY** 0 reaction cannot be predicted due to the variation in the composition **PHYSICAL HAZARDS** and in the quantity of the decomposition products. 0 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Ε LUNGS **EYES** SKIN 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES 5.1 Fire & Explosion Hazards: This product is not flammable. Extinguishing Methods: 5.2 Water, CO<sub>2</sub>, Halon or Dry Chemical 5.3 Firefighting Procedures: Fight fires as for surrounding materials. Firefighters should wear a MSHA/NIOSH approved or 0 equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep containers cool until well after the fire is out. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural waterway. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Spilled product may produce a slip hazard. Before cleaning any spill, individuals involved in spill cleanup must wear 6.1 Spills: appropriate Personal Protective Equipment including gloves, glasses and NIOSH approved (or equivalent) dust respirator. Carefully vacuum or sweep up the spilled powder, particulate or slag. Dispose of properly in accordance with local, state, provincial and federal regulations. Wash all affected areas. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse. 7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORMATION Work & Hygiene Practices: 7 1 Avoid contact to eyes, skin, and mucous membranes. Avoid inhalation of vapors, gases, fumes and dusts. Wash thoroughly after handling and use. Do not smoke, eat, drink, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics within the working area. Do not store or bring tobacco products, gum, food, drinks or cosmetics within the working area. Otherwise follow the standards of good industrial hygiene practices. Storage & Handling: No unusual methods are required. Keep product contained and retain all warning and identity labels. Preferred storage is 7.2 a sheltered warm area with temperature and humidity control to prevent high humidity and "going through the dew point." Static charge may occur during powder transfer. Keep away from incompatible materials listed in Section 10. Open containers slowly on a stable surface. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

and explosion control, exposure control and other special precautions.

Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on this product. See American National Standard Z-49.1, "Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes," published by the American Welding Society, P. O. Box 351040, Miami, FL 33135 and OSHA Publication 2206 (29 C.F.R. 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954 for additional details regarding fire

Special Precautions:

7.3

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		8. EXPOSURE CONT	ROLS	& PE	RSON	AL PI	ROTEC	CTION			
3.1	Exposure Limits:		AC			NOHSC		1	OSHA		OTHER
	ppm (mg/m³)					ES-	ES-				
		CHEMICAL NAME(S) COBALT	(0,02)	STEL	ES-TWA	STEL	PEAK	(O.01)	STEL	IDLH	DUCT
		CHROMIUM #	(0.02)	NA NA	(0.05)	NA NF	NA NF	(0.01)	NA NA	NA 25	DUST
		NICKEL	(0.5)	NA NA	(0.5) NF	NF NF	NF NF	(1.0)	NA	NA	
		TUNGSTEN	5	10	5	10	NF	5	10	NA	
		MOLYBDENUM	(10.0)	NA	(10.0)	NF	NF	(15.0)	NA	(5000)	
		IRON	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	0.5 - NIOSH
		BORON *	(10.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(15.0)	NA	NA	0.0 1.1.00.1
		NIOBIUM	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(5.0)	NA	NA	
		MANGANESE	(0.2)	(3)	(10.0)	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	
		SILICON	(10.0)	ŇÁ	(10.0)	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	
		CARBON	(3.5)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(3.5)	NA	(1750)	
		COPPER	(1.0)**	NA	(1.0)	NF	NF	(1.0)	NA	NA	(0.2) FUME
		TITANIUM DIOXIDE	(10)	NA	(10)	NF	NF	(15)	NA	NA	TOTAL DUST
		IRON OXIDE	15	NA	NF	NF	NF	10	NA	NA	FUME
		MAGNESIUM OXIDE	(10)	NA	(10)	NF	NF	(15)	NA	750	
8.2	Ventilation & Engineering Controls:  Respiratory Protection:	Use industrial hygiene monitoring adequate ventilation (e.g., open equipment is available (e.g., sink, large quantities of product and pro CAUTION: Welding or cutting materials	doors an safety s vide adeo	d windo\ hower, e quate vei	vs, local e ye-wash s ntilation (e	exhaust v station). .g., local	ventilation) Use in a exhaust v	). Ensure chemical entilation,	e approp fume ho fans).	priate de ood whe	econtaminatio
		these fumes and gases. Use adequate ventilation. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. See ANSI Z49.1-1967 Safety in Welding and Cutting published by the American Welding Society. Keep the exposure within legal limits. In the worker's breathing zone and the general area, the fumes and gases must be kept below the TLVs and the equivalent exposure must compute to less than one. Keep exposure as low as possible. Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when welding in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below the TLV. Where respiratory protection is necessary, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be used. The selection of the appropriate respiratory protection (dust respirator, etc.) should be based on the actual or potential airborne contaminants and their concentrations present.									
3.4	Eye Protection:	Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens according to ANSI Z87.1. Provide protective screens and flash goggles, if necessary, to shield others. Wear safety glasses with UV protective side shields or goggles. Wear contact lenses in combination with safety eyewear, except where the contact lenses create a likelihood of injury from intense heat, highly particulate atmosphere, or where their use is prohibited.									
3.5	Hand Protection:	Wear head, hand and body prote radiation, UV radiation, abrasions prevent shock except for leather give equal performance) are prefe	s, contus if kept dr	ions and	heat stre	ss. Pro	tective clo	thing will	l not gei	nerally	
3.6	Body Protection:	Wear head, hand and body prote shock. Wear flame resistant ear p include heat/fire resistant gloves, Wear garments made of leather, oil, grease or solvents) and in go not roll up sleeves or trousers (par	olugs to hold overalls heavywei od repair	keep spa , aprons, ght tightl . Do not	rks out of sleeves, y woven w wear cloth	ears. Se footwear vool or co	e ANSI Z- , welder's otton. Kee	-49.1. The spats an p clothing	e clothin id head g clean (i	g may cover. free of	
		9. PHYSICAL	& CH	EMIC	AL PRO	OPER	TIES				
9.1	Appearance:	Solid wire, silver-grey color									
9.2	Odor:	Odorless									
9.3	Odor Threshold:	NA									
9.4	pH:	NA									
9.5	Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA									
9.6	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling	NA									
9.7	Range: Flashpoint:	NA									
9.8	Upper/Lower Flammability	NA									
9.9	Limits: Vapor Pressure:	NA									
9.10	Vapor Density:	NA									
	Relative Density:	7.2 – 7.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup>									
9.11											

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		O DUVERCAL & CUEMICAL DEODEDTICE confid
0.40	Calubilitus	9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES – cont'd
9.12	Solubility:	NA
9.13	Partition Coefficient (log P <sub>ow</sub> ): Autoignition Temperature:	NA NA
9.15	Decomposition Temperature:	NA NA
9.16	Viscosity:	NA NA
9.17	Other Information:	NA NA
		IAV
		10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY
10.1	Stability:	Stable under normal conditions of use (see section 7).
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Irritating vapors and toxic gases (e.g., carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide) when burned or during
10.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Use or storage near incompatible substances.
10.5	Incompatible Substances:	Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and bases.
		44 TOVICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
		11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
11.1	Routes of Entry:  Toxicity Data:	Inhalation: YES Absorption: YES Ingestion: NO  Toxicity information for particulates (fumes) generated from constituents of this product during welding is provided in this
11.3	Acute Toxicity:	other than this product (for example from base metal, coatings on base metal, fluxes, and other hazardous substances present in welding area).  General Nuisance Dusts: Many of the metal oxides generated as components of welding fume, are considered nuisance dusts (such as oxides of titanium and aluminum), which are essentially nontoxic and chemically nonirritating. Skin contact has shown no problems other than possible drying and mechanical irritation. Eye contact can produce particulate irritation. Excessive inhalation can produce mild pulmonary irritation and possible non-disabling slight fibrosis of the lungs.  Chromium & Chromium Compounds: Where chromium is present in the welding consumable, Chromium III and Chromium VI (hexavalent chromium) may be generated during welding. Short term overexposure to chromium VI can cause irritation of the respiratory system, lung damage and asthma type symptoms. Workers exposed to hexavalent chromium compounds have an excess of lung cancer, and these compounds are required to be listed as carcinogens by OSHA. Absorption through the skin can cause organ system damage, primarily affecting the kidneys and liver.  (#) Chromium and its compounds are listed in the current annual report on carcinogens (prepared by the National Toxicology Program). Their presence in this alloy is not believed to present a carcinogenic or any other health hazard due to their relatively low concentration and chemical form.  Iron & Iron Compounds: Overexposure to fumes of iron may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Long term overexposure may result in a benign condition of the lung, called "arc welders lung," or "siderosis," characterized by iron deposits in the lung, or "pigmentation," that is detectible by x-ray, but which generally does not interfere with lung function, and does not progress to permanent scarring (fibrosis) of the lung. Pigmentation of the lungs will clear in time after exposure ceases.  See Section 4.4
11.4	Chronic Toxicity:	See Section 4.5
11.5	Suspected Carcinogen:	Nickel is listed as IARC Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans); NTP13 Group 1 (Known human carcinogen); CA65 (cancer). Titanium Dioxide is listed as IARC Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans). Chromium in the form of "hexavalent chromium," is considered a human carcinogen, and thus a mutagen as well. While this product does not contain hexavalent chromium, it is well known that the chromium in this product is converted to various chemical forms during the welding process, including hexavalent chromium. Therefore, use of this product in normal welding operations must be considered to represent a cancer hazard. Other constituents of this product are not considered carcinogens or mutagens.
11.6	Reproductive Toxicity:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.
	Mutagenicity:	Chromium in the form of "hexavalent chromium," is believed to produce mutagenic effects in humans.
-	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.
L		This product is not reported to produce teratogenic effects in humans.
Г	Teratogenicity:	
11.7	Reproductive Toxicity:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.
11.7		Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.  See Section 4.2  Consult Occupational Physician for the availability and appropriateness of biological exposure indices (e.g., blood tests,
	Reproductive Toxicity:  Irritancy of Product:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.  See Section 4.2
11.8	Reproductive Toxicity: Irritancy of Product: Biological Exposure Indices:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.  See Section 4.2  Consult Occupational Physician for the availability and appropriateness of biological exposure indices (e.g., blood tests, urine tests, etc.).  Treat symptomatically.
11.8	Reproductive Toxicity: Irritancy of Product: Biological Exposure Indices:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.  See Section 4.2  Consult Occupational Physician for the availability and appropriateness of biological exposure indices (e.g., blood tests, urine tests, etc.).
11.8	Reproductive Toxicity: Irritancy of Product: Biological Exposure Indices: Physician Recommendations: Environmental Stability:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.  See Section 4.2  Consult Occupational Physician for the availability and appropriateness of biological exposure indices (e.g., blood tests, urine tests, etc.).  Treat symptomatically.  12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION  There are no specific data available for this product.
11.8	Reproductive Toxicity: Irritancy of Product: Biological Exposure Indices: Physician Recommendations:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.  See Section 4.2  Consult Occupational Physician for the availability and appropriateness of biological exposure indices (e.g., blood tests, urine tests, etc.).  Treat symptomatically.  12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, GHS & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Date: 1/20/2017 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS 13.1 Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial or local regulations. 13.2 Special Considerations 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION The basic description (ID Number, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional descriptive information may be required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR. 49 CFR (GND): NOT REGULATED IATA (AIR): 14.2 **NOT REGULATED** IMDG (OCN): 14.3 **NOT REGULATED** 14 4 TDGR (Canadian GND): NOT REGULATED 14 5 ADR/RID (EU): **NOT REGULATED** 14.6 SCT (MEXICO): **NOT REGULATED** 14.7 ADGR (AUS): NOT REGULATED 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION 15.1 SARA Reporting Requirements: The following chemicals are listed on the SARA Title III (EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemical List): Chromium, Manganese, 15.2 SARA TPQ: There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for the components of this product. 15.3 TSCA Inventory Status: All chemical substances of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory or are otherwise exempt from inventory status. CERCLA Reportable Quantity: 15.4 Chromium: 2,270 kg (5,000 lbs); Nickel: 45.4 kg (100 lbs) 15.5 Other Federal Requirements Manganese (and its compounds), Chromium (and its compounds), Cobalt (and its compounds) and Nickel (and its compounds) are listed as Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs). Manganese (and its compounds), Chromium (and its compounds), Cobalt (and its compounds) and Nickel (and its compounds) are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the Clean Water Act (CWA). Chromium, Copper and Nickel are listed as Priority Pollutants under the Clean Water Act (CWA). This product does not contain any Class 1 or Class 2 ozone depletors. 15.6 Other Canadian Regulations This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. The following chemicals are listed on the Ingredient Disclosure List: Chromium, Manganese, Nickel and Molybdenum. WHMIS Classification: D2B (Other Toxic Effects). 15.7 State Regulatory Information: Chromium is found on the following state criteria lists: Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), and Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA). Titanium Dioxide is found on the following state criteria lists: MA, NJ, and PA. Niobium is found on the following state criteria lists: MA, MN, PA, and WA. Manganese is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, and WA. Silicon is found on the following state criteria lists: MA, MN, PA, and WA. Silicon Dioxide is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, and PA. Zirconium Oxide is found on the following state criteria lists: MA, NJ, and PA. Tungsten is listed on the following state criteria list: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA and WA. Magnesium Oxide is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, PA and WA. Nickel is listed on the following state criteria lists: fl, MA, MI, MN, NJ, PA, and WA. No other ingredients in this product, present in a concentration of 1.0% or greater, are listed on any of the following state criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA65), Delaware Air Quality Management List (DE), Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA), Wisconsin Hazardous Substances List (WI).

WARNING: This product contains a substance(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or

other reproductive harm. California law requires this warning be given to customers in the State of California.

Other Requirements:

15.8

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	16 OTHER INCORMATION						
16.1	Other Information:	DANGER! MAY CAUSE CANCER. MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ORGANS (LUNGS) THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm water thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Store locked up.  NOTE: Local ventilation should be used during handling and use. Good housekeeping and personal hygiene are recommended. Some individuals may show sensitivity to exposure. Failure to observe proper practices may be hazardous to health. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Harmful by inhalation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. Avoid overexposure to metal fumes, powders and particulates.  WARNING: Electric shock from welding equipment or electrodes may be fatal. The welding process uses electrical circuits that sustain a welding arc between the electrode and the base plate. The welding arc converts the electrical energy into a localized, concentrated heat source. The tremendously high temperatures of the arc cause the welding continuous wire and rod electrode (or filler metal, when used as such) to decompose. Electric arc working may create one or more health hazards. H					
16.2	Terms & Definitions:  Disclaimer:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.  This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Exocor's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness is not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.					
16.4	Prepared for:						
16.5	Prepared by:						

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#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION:**

CAS No.	Chemical Abstract Service Number
RTECS No.	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances Number
EINECS No.	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances Number

#### **EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:**

ACGIH	American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists					
IDLH	IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health					
NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (Australia)						
OSHA	OSHA U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration					
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit					
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit						
TLV Threshold Limit Value						
TWA Time Weighted Average						

#### FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has
	stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood
	and provide oxygen to the body.

#### HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: HMIS

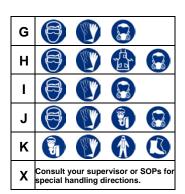
#### **HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:**

0	Minimal Hazard			
1	Slight Hazard			
2	2 Moderate Hazard			
3	Severe Hazard			
4	Extreme Hazard			



#### PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:

Α			
В			
С		THE STATE OF THE S	
D	(EL)	THE STATE OF THE S	
Ε			
F		THE SECOND	





#### OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

Carc	Carcinogenic				
Irrit	Irritant				
NA	Not Available				
NR	No Results				
ND	D Not Determined				
NE	Not Established				
NF	Not Found				
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus				
Sens	Sensitization				
STOT RE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeat Exposure				
STOT SE	T SE Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure				

#### NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:					
Autoignition Temperature Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition					
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source				
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source				

#### **HAZARD RATINGS:**

0	Minimal Hazard	FLAMMABILITY
1	Slight Hazard	\ \ \
2	Moderate Hazard	REACTIVITY
3	Severe Hazard	
4	Extreme Hazard	
ACD	Acidic	
ALK	Alkaline	
COR	Corrosive	/ <b>\ \ \ \</b>
W	Use No Water	HEALTH
ОХ	Oxidizer	SPECIAL
TREFOIL	Radioactive	PRECAUTIONS

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

LD50 Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the LC50 Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the ppm Concentration expressed in parts of material per mill TD16 Lowest dose to cause a symptom	exposed animal			
ppm Concentration expressed in parts of material per mill				
	ion narts			
TD <sub>in</sub> Lowest dose to cause a symptom	ion parto			
	Lowest dose to cause a symptom			
TCLo Lowest concentration to cause a symptom				
TD <sub>Io</sub> , LD <sub>Io</sub> , & LD <sub>o</sub> or Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or tox	cic effects			
TC, TC <sub>o</sub> , LC <sub>io</sub> , & LC <sub>o</sub>				
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer				
NTP National Toxicology Program				
RTECS Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances				
BCF Bioconcentration Factor				
TL <sub>m</sub> Median threshold limit				
log K <sub>ow</sub> or log K <sub>oc</sub> Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution				

#### REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System					
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation					
TC	Transport Canada					
EPA	EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency					
DSL	DSL Canadian Domestic Substance List					
NDSL	Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List					
PSL	PSL Canadian Priority Substances List					
TSCA	TSCA U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act					
EU	EU European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)					
WGK	WGK Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)					

#### WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION (WHMIS) SYSTEM:

0	<b>®</b>		<b>②</b>	$\Theta$	(%)		
Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D1	Class D2	Class D3	Class E	Class F
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive

#### CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:

	<b>③</b>		$\Diamond$			$\Leftrightarrow$		*
GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Health Hazard	Environment